

XML Parser Generator

Group 18

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Document Definition Language:

Extention of Group 5's Document Definition Language

Language Elements:

- TYPE
- ATTRIBUTE
- ELEMENT
- UNION
- CONTAINS

Features:

- Type checking of attribute values
 - STRING
 - INTEGER
- Union capable
- Allows comments in document defintion and document
- Default values allow for optional attributes
- Four different multiplicity types for elements:
 - ONE 1 time
 - MANY 1 - N times
 - ANY 0 - N times
 - AT_MOST_ONCE 0 - 1 times

Example:

```
<!-- email.xdtd -->
<!-- simple email document type -->
<TYPE name="email">
  <ATTRIBUTE name="protocol" type=string>
  <ELEMENT name="header" mult=one>
    <ATTRIBUTE name="from" type=string>
    <ATTRIBUTE name="subject" type=string
default="(none)">
    <CONTAINS>to</CONTAINS>
  </ELEMENT>

  <ELEMENT name="to" mult=many>
    <ATTRIBUTE name="receiver" type=string>
  </ELEMENT>

  <ELEMENT name="body" mult=one>
    <CONTAINS>#STRING</CONTAINS>
    <CONTAINS>attachment</CONTAINS>
  </ELEMENT>

  <ELEMENT name="attachment" mult=any>
    <ATTRIBUTE name="fileName" type=string>
    <ATTRIBUTE name="size" type=integer>
  </ELEMENT>

  <UNION name="authentication">
    <CONTAINS>checksum</CONTAINS>
    <CONTAINS>rsa-signature</CONTAINS>
  </UNION>

  <ELEMENT name="checksum" mult="one">
    <ATTRIBUTE name="value" type=integer>
  </ELEMENT>

  <ELEMENT name="rsa-signature" mult="one">
    <ATTRIBUTE name="value" type=integer>
  </ELEMENT>

  <CONTAINS>header</CONTAINS>
  <CONTAINS>body</CONTAINS>
</TYPE>
```

Parser Generator Design:

Four Classes:

- **XMLParserGenerator**
 - Parses the document type definition file.
 - Contains list of XMLElement objects.
 - Performs checks to make sure all contained data has a definition
 - Generates the parser code.
- **XMLElement**
 - Contains data about an element.
 - Contains a list of XMLAttribute objects.
 - Generates code for parsing the element.
- **XMLAttribute**
 - Contains data about an attribute
 - Generates code for parsing the attribute
 - Generates type checking code for the attribute value
- **XMLUnion**
 - Derives from XMLElement.
 - Contains data for the union.
 - Generates code for parsing the union.

Error Handling:

- Parse errors handled in generator and generated parser by throwing an XMLParseException.
- Parser Generator
 - Unrecognized token
 - Unexpected token
 - Union without data
 - Unrecognized attribute type
 - Unrecognized element multiplicity
 - No element definition
- Generated Parser
 - Unrecognized token
 - Unexpected token
 - Type checking on attributes
 - Required attribute missing
 - Element not handled by union

Interface:

To generate a parser from a XML definition:

```
java generate <XML_Definition_File> <Output_Parser_File>
```

Example:

```
java generate email.xdtd EmailParser.java
```

The generated parser source file is an object. It provides you a function that takes a XML document name as input argument. It will parse the input document into a tree and return that tree.

Example:

```
EmailParser parser = new EmailParser();
```

```
Tree myTree;
```

```
myTree = parser.Parse("email.xml");
```

Once the document is parsed in the tree, the tree class provides you three functions to print out the tree, calculate an expression, and count nodes.

Example:

```
myTree.preorderPrint();
```

```
myTree.caculate();
```

```
myTree.countNodes(0);
```

We provide three test functions with the program as a demo of the parser generator and the generated parser:

```
TestEmailParser.java, TestExpressionParser.java, TestTreeParser.java
```

Test Case Performance :

email.xml:

```
java TestEmailParser /u/cs200/public/test_cases/proj1/email.xml
```

```
email
```

```
    protocol = "SMPT"
```

```
    header
```

```
        from = "cs200@cs.rochester.edu"
```

```
        subject = "Test!"
```

```
    to
```

```
        receiver = "ur.cs200@cs.rochester.edu"
```

```
    to
```

```
        receiver = "csc200@mail.rochester.edu"
```

```
    body
```

Here are the test cases for the parser generator.

Good luck to everybody!

```
    attachment
```

```
        fileName = "tese.tar.Z"
```

```
        size = 2000
```

Running time in milliseconds: 36

expr1.xml:

```
[gchen@cycle3 phaseII]$ java TestExpressionParser  
/u/cs200/public//test_cases/proj1/expr1.xml
```

Expression value: 4.0

Running time in milliseconds: 28

expr2.xml:

```
[gchen@cycle3 phaseII]$ java TestExpressionParser  
/u/cs200/public//test_cases/proj1/expr2.xml
```

Expression value: 1.3333334

Running time in milliseconds: 28

expr3.xml:

```
[gchen@cycle3 phaseII]$ java TestExpressionParser /u/cs200/public//test_cases/pr  
oj1/expr3.xml
```

Invalid XML document:

Element / not expected in op_or_num.

NOTE: This input XML document is illegal because the operator at line 5 has only one input number.

expr4.xml:

```
[gchen@cycle3 phaseII]$ java TestExpressionParser /u/cs200/public//test_cases/pr  
oj1/expr4.xml
```

Invalid XML document:

Required attribute val is 20></NUM>

<OP type =. It should be an integer value.

NOTE: This input XML document is also illegal because at line 7, the attribute value is missing the right double-quotes.

tree1.xml:

```
[gchen@cycle3 phaseII]$ java TestTreeParser /u/cs200/public/test_cases/proj1/tree1.xml  
3
```

Number of nodes with value 18 at level 3: 1

Running time in milliseconds: 43

tree2.xml:

```
[gchen@cycle3 phaseII]$ java TestTreeParser /u/cs200/public/test_cases/proj1/tree2.xml  
0
```

Number of nodes with value 18 at all levels: 118

Running time in milliseconds: 243

NOTE: Please note that "0" is used to indicate at all levels.

tree4.xml:

```
[gchen@cycle3 phaseII]$ java TestTreeParser /u/cs200/public/test_cases/proj1/tree4.xml  
6
```

Number of nodes with value 18 at level 6: 46

Running time in milliseconds: 12404

tree6.xml:

```
[gchen@cycle3 phaseII]$ java TestTreeParser /u/cs200/public/test_cases/proj1/tre  
e6.xml 7
```

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.OutOfMemoryError

NOTE: Because our program need to parse the document and store everything in a tree, and this file is almost 100MB. I believe that the CSUG machine is running out of memory before all can be put in the tree.